

# **St Luke's CE Primary School Curriculum Overview**

EYFS	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Гһете	All about me	Led by children's interests		ality play in enabling environment	ts. by adults modelling, through	a guided learning and direc
	Getting to know our children and their families.	teaching. Children are regularl on, children's own interests, ch	ly encouraged to develop their c nildren feel valued as an individu	own ideas, which is incorporated in ual, someone who is an expert in the cultural and topical themes thro	nto curriculum planning. By ack neir own life experiences. Along	nowledging, and building gside the child's interests, t
	Tarrinies.	for the EYFS and Developme			,	,
Vorking with xperts and olunteers.	Local visit - First walk to church to meet Rev. Matt. Harvest Festival	Fire Engine visit from Merseyside Fire and Rescue. Theatre Visit to The Atkinson.	Favourite stories - bring a book to school day. Visit from a police officer, doctor, children's nurse Dentist visit to discuss oral health.	Spring Walk World Book Day Trip to Imagine That!	Inviting parents/ grandparents to help with gardening.	Local nature walk. Walk to Formby library.
	ļ ·		•	_	nterested in or doing, and	•
Communication and Language	say with new vocabulary non-fiction, rhymes and the opportunity to thrive	v added, practitioners will be poems, and then providing e. Through conversation, sto	uild children's language effor g them with extensive oppo orytelling and role play, who	ectively. Reading frequently to rtunities to use and embed no ere children share their ideas of ortable using a rich range of	o children, and engaging t ew words in a range of co with support and modellin	them actively in stories ntexts, will give childre ng from their teacher,

We know that children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Explore different emotions and understand how people show emotions. Focus on independent dressing: coat on independently. Get changed for P.E with support. Self-care focus: independent toileting and wash hands. Encourage children to access different areas within the setting. Learn to seek support of adults when needed. Build confidence to speak to peers and adults.

Children to talk about how they are feeling. Begin to consider the feelings of others. Learn to adapt behaviour to a range of situations. Collaboratively develop class rules and understand the need to have rules. Learn how dress to PE independently. Play with children who are playing with the same activity. Begin to develop friendships.

To focus during longer whole class lessons.

To follow two-step instructions
Begin to show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

Practise doing zips and buttons
Begin to work as a group with support.

Use taught strategies to support turn taking.

Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.
Consider the feelings and needs of others.
Listen to the ideas of other children and agree on a solution and compromise.

To control their emotions using a range of techniques.
To set a target and reflect on progress throughout.
Learn to identify and name healthy foods.
Continue to manage own basic needs independently.
Work as a group.
Begin to develop relationships with other adults around the school.

Follow instructions of two steps or more.
Understand the importance of healthy food choices.
Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
Build strong friendships.

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

	Children learn to increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed e.g. putting coats on and doing up zips.  Develop the skills children need to manage the school day successfully for lining up and meal times.	Children continue to develop overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility. Children gain confidence using a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outdoors.	Children refine the fundamental movement skills including: Rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping and climbing.	Children continue to develop their small motor skills so they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	Children further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting and aiming.  Developing confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging om activities that involve a ball.	Children have developed and continue to build on the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.
Literacy	Children are taught lang They learn to read word	re taught early reading througuage comprehension through through daily teaching of the first section of the sec	gh shared stories and talk letter sounds and apply wl	with adults. hat they have been taught I		
Mathematics	embedded within the Reto develop a long-lastin	evelop a deep maths-mastereception provision. Children g understanding of Early Yed to notice numbers and numbers and numbers and subject to link the number symbol with its cardinal number value.	also develop a secure bas ars mathematical skills.	e of mathematical knowled	ge through focusing on a	I learning opportunities number a week., helping

ig the World	children's personal expe important members of s poems will foster their u	We know that understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.						
Understanding the World	Children can talk about members of their immediate family and community, naming and describing people who are familiar to them.	Recognising that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Children will continue to explore the natural world around them.	Understand the past through events encountered in books. Know about people who help us. Children will recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries.	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Children will be learning to compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.	To know that peoples in other countries may speak in different languages. Know and recognise the signs of Summer.	Draw information from a simple map. Children will be confident and understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.		
and Design	regular opportunities to children see, hear and p	engage with the arts, enal	bling them to explore and p eveloping their understandi	pports their imagination and ay with a wide range of medi ng, self-expression, vocabular neir progress in interpreting a	a and materials. The quali ry and ability to communic	ty and variety of what atte through the arts.		
Expressive Arts	Children will be supported in creating collaboratively, share ideas, resources and skills.  Children will sing in a group or on their own, introducing new and familiar songs repeating them gradually.	Children begin to develop storylines in their pretend play.	To watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.	Children will be able to explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.	Children in Reception will be exploring, using and refining a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	Children will be listening attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.		
Religious Education	Which people are special and why?	Questful RE: Early Years Christmas	Which places are special and why?	Questful RE: Early Years Easter	Where do we belong?	What is special about our world?		
			<b>Christian Values:</b>	Love and Kindness				

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	My Home and Me	The Animal Kingdom	Toys	Pirates and Explorers	Into the Forest	Beside the Seaside!
Working with experts and volunteers, incl visits		Knowsley Safari Park; Singing Christmas Songs in local nursing homes	Children as curators in class museums, invitations to parents/other classes; older members of community talk about their toys. Museum of Liverpool (Toys)	Pirates Ahoy workshop at Liverpool Museum; Pirate Visitor	Local environment Cambridge Field, St Luke's Church grounds; Forest Schools	Train ride – to compare Southport, Formby, Crosby seafronts
Lead	Science	Science	History	Geography	Science	History
Subjects	Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Using observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions in our sensory science experiments.	Identify and name a variety of common animals, including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals; Identify and name a variety of animals that are omnivores, carnivores, herbivores; describe and compare the structure of the animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals incl. pets); Observe, ask simple questions, gather and record data to help in answering questions.	Develop an awareness of the past through observing and comparing modern toys with toys from the past. Use vocab to represent the passing of time e.g. older, newer. Investigate the contribution to the toy world of local inventor <b>Frank Hornby</b> .	Use simple compass directions (N, S, E, W) and locational and directional language [near, far; left, right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.  Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans	Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants including deciduous and evergreen trees; identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees: leaves, flowers (blossom), petals, fruit, roots, bulb, seed, trunk, branches, stem.	How and why holidays have changed in living memory – (transport, leisure time, etc) interviews with older relatives. Formby's Lifeboat history. Grace Darling Exploring evidence from Atkinson topic boxes.
	Geography	Geography	Science	History		Geography

Subjects	1.1 Technology Around Us (Teach Computing)	Textiles: animal puppets	1.3 Moving a robot (Teach Computing)	'Pirate Dance', using simple movement patterns PE Passport or Dance Notes	1.5 Digital Writing (fairy tale story) (Teach Computing)	1.6 Programming animations (Teach Computing)
	Music	Music	Music		Music	Music
	All About Me (Kapow): identify the difference between the pulse and rhythm of a song and consolidate their understanding of these concepts through listening and performing activities.	Classical music, dynamics and tempo: Animals (Kapow): use bodies and instruments to listen and respond to pieces of classical music that represent animals; learn and perform a song as a class and compose a short section of music as a group, with a focus on dynamics and tempo.	Superheroes (Kapow): how to identify high and low notes and to compose a simple tune, children investigate how tempo changes can help tell a story and make music more exciting		Timbre and rhythmic patterns: Fairy Tales (Kapow): timbre; learning that different sounds can represent characters and key moments in a story; explore clapping along to the syllables of words and phrases before creating rhythmic patterns to tell a familiar fairy tale.	Vocal and Body sounds: By the Sea (Kapow): make links between music, sounds and environments; use percussion, vocal and body sounds to represent calm or stormy seas.
	Design and Technology	History	Design and Technology		Art and Design	Design Technology
	Food: fruits and vegetables (Kapow)	The lives of significant individuals of the past: David Attenborough, naturalist.	Mechanisms, wheels and axles. Design and build a moving vehicle (Kapow)		Making birds Sculptural project beginning with making drawings from observation, exploring media, and transforming the drawings from 2d to 3d to make a bird	Constructing a windmill: Making stable structures to support a turbine
		P.E Dance  Dance of the Animals - PE Passport or Dance Notes			Artists: Andrea Butler, Talking Points – range of artists, incl Hoang Tien Quwet	
Discrete	Ant and Daring	History	Art and Daring	Aut and Daving		Ant and Daving
Subjects	Art and Design The drawing journey.	History Events beyond living	Art and Design  The drawing journey	Art and Design Watercolour		Art and Design The drawing journey
	Introducing sketchbooks.	memory that are significant – Gunpowder	The drawing journey	Exploring watercolour and discovering we can use		The drawing journey
		Plot & Guy Fawkes		accidental marks to help us make art.		

		Spirals: drawing, collage and markmaking  Artist: Molly Haslund	Online safety – safer internet day	Artists: Emma Burleigh, Paul Klee		
Maths			Mathema	atics		
	Maths No Problem plannir	g used for daily discrete mat	hematics lessons. Additional	daily number lessons following	ng MCETM programme.	
	Numbers to 10; Addition and Numbers to 20; Addition and		Shapes and Patterns; Height Addition and Subtraction wit	and Length; Numbers to 40; thin 40; Multiplication	Division; Fractions; Number Volume; Capacity; Mass; S	
R.E.			Religious Education	n		
	Who is a Christian?	Christmas. Why do we give and receive gifts?	What makes some places sacred? Incl Christianity, Judaism, Islam	Easter Celebrating New Life and New Beginnings	What does it mean to belo Incl Christianity, Judaism, Is	
P.E.			Physical Ed	ucation		
	Gymnastics: balancing and spinning on points and patches  Fundamental Movement Skills 2	Games: Invasion games skills 1	Yoga Games: target games 2	Games: Striking and Fielding Games Skills 1	Gymnastics: pathways: small and long Athletics 2	Games: Net and Wall Games Skills 1  OAA
PHSE			PHS	<u> </u>		
	Citizenship E-Safety Fin	ancial Education Health and	wellbeing including mental h	nealth, Relationships and Sex I	Education, Staying Safe inc	uding Drug Education
	Values: Our Chris	tian Values: Love and Forgive	ness; Fundamental British Va	lues: Democracy, Rule of Law,	Respect and Tolerance, Inc	lividual Liberty.
Ongoing all year:	Geography	Science	Computing		English: Read, Write Inc	

Name, locate and identify characteristics of the countries and capital cities of UK and its surrounding seas: Scotland on St Andrew's Day (30th Nov). Wales on St David's Day (1st March)
N. Ireland on St Patrick's Day (17th March)
England on St George's Day (23rd April)

Identify our seasonal and daily weather patterns.

Seasonal changes, including changes in plants/trees, observe and describe weather associated with the 4 seasons and how day length varies.

Working scientifically: asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways; observing closely, using simple equipment; performing simple tests; identifying and classifying; using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions; gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.

## **Online safety:**

Whenever children are engaged in electronic communication, we establish and reinforce messages about using technology safely and responsibly.

# **Digital literacy:**

use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.

Reading - Phonics daily phonics lessons in differentiated groups, using Read, Write, Inc.
Reading - Comprehension regular individual and guided reading sessions to develop comprehension/interpretation skills.
Spelling - spell Year 1 common exception words (St Luke's list); name the letters of the alphabet in

Luke's list); name the letters of the alphabet in order, matching lower case and capital letters; division of words into syllables; adding -s and -es to words; suffixes (-ing, -ed, -er and -est) that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words; vowel digraphs and trigraphs; compound words; how the prefix *un*-changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives; write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.

Handwriting - hold a pencil comfortably and

**Handwriting** - hold a pencil comfortably and correctly; practise handwriting skills, forming digits and letters correctly and leaving spaces between words.

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2		Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Where We Live	A Material World	Christmas Around the World	Once Upon a Time	Calling all Superheroes	Plague and Fire	Walk on the Wild Side
Working with experts and volunteers, incl visits	Local walks / school grounds Synagogue visit		NATIVITY PERFORMANCE				National Trust Martin Mere RLPO
Lead	Geography	Science	R.E.	<b>English</b>	English	History	Science
Subjects	Use maps, atlases, globes, aerial photographs. UK countries/counties. Understand suitability of a variety of geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of where I live and play  Identify and compare the use and suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, paper, cardboard	atlases, ial compare the brown to be counties. Solution and compare the counties. Solution and counties. Solution and counties and counties are avariety of cal cal everyday and materials, including the human al plastic, glass, of where I brown tales.  Identify and compare the was the birth of Jesus such good news? Christmas. The journey to Bethlehem Traditional tales and recounting/ retelling a traditional tale (Pie Corbett). Creating alternative versions of well-known tales.	Looking at features, story structures and settings of traditional tales and recounting/ retelling a traditional tale (Pie Corbett). Creating alternative versions	Writing - narrative Superhero stories; characterisation; story mountain (problem, resolution, ending)	Events beyond living memory – The Great Plague and the Great Fire of London. Village of Eyam Make links with Covid 19  Lives of significant people: Samuel Pepys, Ann Hobart, Thomas & Hannah Farriner, Sir Christopher Wren; Charles II	Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive; identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other; identify and name a variety of plants and animals	
	area in a contrasting non-European	uses.			Science	Geography	in their habitats, including micro-habitats; describe how
	country: Shyira, Rwanda (links with Church). Draw our own maps and develop understanding of geographical vocabulary, symbols and keys.				Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.  Fair/unfair testing to free a frozen Superhero	UK countries/counties. Use maps, atlases, globes, London/River Thames Map making	animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.  Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults (chicks)
	History	History	Geography		History		find out about and describe

	Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality Change over time, including the growth of the railway, the first lifeboat Research the features of homes today and homes from the past. Recognise household objects from the past and present, and make comparisons across the time period. (Living memory, i.e. 100 years, Victorians as per local area).	t A E	Location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles Use maps, aerial photographs. Locate 7 continents and 5 oceans.  Christmas for Christians around he world: Australia, Mexico, European country depending on cohort links, Rwanda, Japan.		Lives of significant people – real life super heroes: Tim Peake, Helen Sharman, Malala Yousafzai, Greta Thunberg		the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)GEOG G1; G4; G6; G9
English	you letters to visitors, Develop positive attitude poetry; writing for diffe planning or saying out writing what they want editing by making sime makes sense and that vertices.	prayers, etc des towards and s rent purposes. loud what they a to say, sentence ple additions, rev erbs to indicate t	re going to write a by sentence isions and correctic	by writing narratives about personal experience: holidates by writing narratives about personal bout; writing down ideas and/or ons to their own writing by; evaluatly and consistently, including versions.	onal experiences and those of of key words, including new vocab lating their writing with the teac erbs in the continuous form; pro	thers (real and fictional); writing oulary her and other pupils; re-read of-reading to check for error	ing to check that their writing s in spelling, grammar and
Unit Texts	A Lion in Paris by	<ol> <li>Non-fiction Firework safety (Victorial plan) (information)</li> <li>Non-fiction Meerkat Christma (postcard)</li> </ol>				Emma Adams (author), James Weston Lewis (illustrator) (diary)	1. Non-fiction  Habitats by Dorling Kindersley Limited (non-chronological report)  2. Poetry  If I were in charge of the world by Judith Viorst (free verse)

Additional	Music	Design and Technology	Design and Technology	Design and Technology	P.EDance	Design and Technology
Subjects	British songs and sounds: on this island (Kapow): Creating sounds to Creating sounds to represent three contrasting landscapes: seaside, countryside and city	Textiles: Christmas pouches	Structures: Baby Bear's Chair	Mechanisms – Making a moving monster	Fire of London dance PE Passport or Dance Notes	Food: a balanced diet
	Art and Design		Music		Science	Art and Design
	Explore and Draw Introducing the idea that artists can be collectors & explorers as they develop drawing and composition skills  Artists: Rosie James, Alice Fox		Orchestral instruments: traditional western stories (Kapow):. Three Bears, Snow Queen, Red Riding Hood, Jack and the Beanstalk The instruments of the orchestra and identifying these within a piece of music; how different characters can be represented by timbre, how emotions can be represented by pitch and how changes in tempo can convey action  Computing 2.3 Robot algorithms (Teach Computing)		Identify and compare the use and suitability of a materials used in building houses.	Stick Transformation Project Explore how you can transform a familiar object into new and fun forms.  Artist: Chris Kenny  Music  West African call and response: animal safari (Kapow): Using instruments to represent animals, copying rhythms, learning a traditional Ghanaian call and response song and recognising simple notation, progressing to creating call and response rhythms.  Computing 2.6 Programming quizzes (Teach Computing) P.E OAA
						Orienteering
Discrete Subjects						
<del>Jubjects</del>	Computing	Art and Design	Computing	Art and Design	Art and Design	

	2.1 Information Technology (Teach Computing)	The drawing journey	Online safety – safer internet day	The drawing journey	The drawing journey	
			Art and Design	Computing	Music	
			Exploring the world through mono print Using a simple mono print technique to develop drawing skills, encourage experimentation and ownership.	2.2 Digital photography (Teach Computing)	Musical me (Kapow): learn to sing the song 'Once a Man Fell in a Well' and to play it using tuned percussion. Using letter notation to write a melody.	
			Artists: Xgaoc'o X'are, Leonardo Di Vinci			
Maths			Math	ematics		
	Maths No Problem plan Spring term.	nning used for discrete mathema	atics lessons. Additional daily	number lessons following MC	ETM programme. Introduce	Time tables Rock Stars from
	Numbers to 100 Addition and Subtraction Multiplication by 2, 5 and Division by 2, 5 and 10 Length Mass		Temperature Pictograms Word Problems Money 2D Shapes 3D Shapes Fractions		Fractions Time Volume	
R.E.				s Education		
	Who is Jewish and what they believe?	do QR- Christmas – Why was the birth of Jesus such good news?	Who is a Muslim?	Easter: How do Symbols help us to understand the story?	What can we learn from sac Incl Christianity, Judaism, Is	
P.E.			Physical	Education		
	Gymnastics: pathways – straight, zigzag and curving	Yoga Invasion Games Skills 2	Gymnastics: spinning, turning and twisting	Striking and Field Games Skills 2	Athletics 2	Games: net and wall games 2
	Fundamental Movement Skills 3		Games: target games 3			
PHSE	JANIIS J			PHSE		
	Citizenship E-Safety	Financial Education Health and			ducation, Staying Safe inclu	ding Drug Education

	Values: Christian V	alues: Love and Courage, Fund	lamental British Values: Democ	racy, Rule of Law, Respect and Tolerance, Individual Liberty.
Ongoing all year:	Science	History	Computing	English: RWI till end of Autumn term
	School Troughs Plant seeds/bulbs to observe and describe	Series of books about famous people in story time (one per half term):	Online safety: Whenever children are engaged in electronic communication, we establish and reinforce messages about using technology safely and responsibly.  Digital literacy: use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content	Reading - Phonics daily phonics lessons in differentiated groups, using Read, Write, Inc. until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent, so that they read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending Reading - Comprehension regular individual and guided reading sessions to develop comprehension/interpretation skills.  Spelling - segmenting spoken words into phonemes (Fred Talk) and representing these by graphemes, learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including common homophones; learn to spell common exception words (St Luke's list) and more words with contracted forms; learn the possessive apostrophe (singular); distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones; add suffixes to spell longer words, including —ment, —ness, —ful, —less, —ly; write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far.  Grammar and Punctuation - part of the Write Stuff daily lessons, consolidated in Morning Motivator daily sessions: correct choice and consistent use of present tense and past tense throughout writing; use sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command; use expanded noun phrases to describe and specify; use of the progressive form of verbs in the present and past tense to mark actions in progress (eg, she is drumming, he was shouting); use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences; commas to separate items in a list; apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns; use subordination (when, if, that, because) and coordination (or, and, but); use some features of written Standard English.  Handwriting — Taught in discrete lessons: form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another; write capital letters and digits of the correct size relative to on

Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Harvest	Stone Age to Iron Age	Humans are Animals Too	Forces	Roman Empire	UK Today
Working with experts and volunteers, incl	Y3 lead Harvest Service Pinewoods: Forest School Ness Gardens	Lunt Meadows: Stone Age Community Archaeology Site Catalyst Museum, Widnes (Rocks,	Vicar visit to talk about praying (RE)		Roman Fort Visit	
Lead	Science	History	Science	Science	History	Geography
	Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant; investigate the way in which water is transported within plants; explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.  Design and Technology  Cooking and Nutrition  Eating seasonally: Kapow  British seasonal foods, making tarts.	Explore changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age. During this time, we will continue to develop our chronological understanding and consider how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.  Late Neolithic huntergatherers and early farmers, Skara Brae Bronze Age religion, technology and travel – Stonehenge. Iron age hill forts, tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture.	Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food - they get nutrition from what they eat; identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.  Identifying and grouping animals, comparing and contrasting diets.  Research different food groups and how they keep us healthy.	Compare how things move on different surfaces; notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance; observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others; compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials; describe magnets as having two poles; predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing.  Raising questions and carrying out tests.  Identifying how properties make things useful in everyday life.	Roman Empire and its impact on Britain Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55-54 BC the Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army successful invasion by Claudius and conquest, including Hadrian's Wall British resistance, for example, Boudica 'Romanisation' of Britain: the legacy of the Roman Empire, sites such as Chester  The impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity.  Latin Introduction to Latin: when and where was Latin spoken? Why are we learning Latin? Its place in the development of English.  Maximum Classics Unit 1: The origins of language.	Locational knowledge – a broad overview. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom.  Name and locate the counties and cities of the UK, geographical regions and their human/physical features, key topographical features (hills, mountains, coast, rivers) and land use patterns and understand how some of these have changed over time.  Explain the different countries of Great Britain, The British Isles, the UK

				Gathering and recording data to find answers to their questions.		Prime Greenwich Meridian and time zones, including day and night.
English	In addition to Write Stuff units, r to visitors, prayers, etc  Plan writing by discussing writing recording ideas.  Draft writing by composing and organising paragraphs around a Evaluate and edit by assessing consistency, including the accur	ng similar to that which they a d rehearsing sentences orally theme; in narrative, creating the effectiveness of their ow	are planning to write in order to (including dialogue), progressiv settings, characters and plot; in and others' writing and sugge	book/film/TV Show review, che understand and learn from its rely building a varied and rich on non-narrative, using simple costing improvements; proposin	s structure, vocabulary and gran vocabulary and an increasing ra organisational devices.	nmar; discussing and nge of sentence structures;
Write Stuff Unit Texts (and Genre)	Perform: read aloud their own of the state o	1. Narrative Stone Age Boy by Satoshi Kitamura (story)  2. Non-fiction Skara Brae by Dawn Finch (holiday brochure)	1. Narrative The Incredible Book Eating Boy by Oliver Jeffers (comedy)	1. Non-fiction Earthquakes in Earth Shattering Events by Robin Jacobs (non- chronological report)  2. Narrative George's Marvellous Medicine by Roald Dahl (comedy)	1. Narrative Wisp: A Story of Hope by Zana Fraillon (a story of hope)  2. Non-fiction Street Beneath My Feet by Charlotte Guillain and Yuval Zommer (explanation)	1. Narrative Flood by Alvaro F. Villa (tragedy)  2. Non-fiction Climate Action The Future is in our Hands (magazine article)
Additional Subjects	Art and Design  The drawing journey. Autumn floor, leaves, flowers, seasonal foods.	Science  Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties; describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock; recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.  Mary Anning, British fossilhunter.	Art and Design  Making Animated Drawings  Explore how to create simple moving drawings by making paper "puppets" and animate them using tablets.  Artists: Lauren Child	Computing  3.2 Stop motion animation- Teach Computing (The Iron Man)	Geography  Use maps, atlases and globes and digital computer mapping to locate Italy and Rome and the spread of the Roman Empire, including Britain. Location of Hadrian's Wall.  Understand land use patterns, how some of these have changed over time.  Roman trade links: imports and exports, including slaves.	Art and Design  Cloth Thread Paint Explore how artists combine media in relation to landscape Artists: Hannah Rae, Alice Kettle
	Forest School	Geography		Design and Technology	Design and Technology	Computing

	Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team; enhancing science curriculum  Music  Singing and Performing – Harvest, including a performance at church.	Physical geography – describe and understand key aspects of mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes. Human geography – types of settlement and land use. Locational knowledge: mountains of the United Kingdom: the three peaks - Yr Wyddf (Snowdon), Ben Nevis, Scafell Pike. Ranges: Pennines, Eryri (Snowdonia), Grampians, Cairngorms, Lake District.	I KS	Mechanical systems – pneumatic toys	P.E dance The Romans  Computing 3.3 Sequencing sounds (Teach Computing)  Music  Ballads (Kapow): inspired by our class text, Ancient Rome: Modern Rhymes for Ancient Times. Identify features of ballads and how to convey different emotions when performing them. Using an animation as inspiration, children carefully select vocabulary to describe the story, before turning them into lyrics by incorporating rhyming words and following the structure of a traditional ballad.	3.5 Branching databases – UK counties and cities
Discrete Subjects	Computing	Art and Design	Music	Art and Design	Art and Design	Science
Subjects —	3.1 Connecting Computers (Teach Computing)	Gestural drawing with charcoal.  Making loose, gestural drawings with charcoal,	Pentatonic melodies and composition (Kapow) Chinese New Year	The drawing journey	The drawing journey	Recognise that we need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light; notice that light is
	Music  Jazz: Kapow  Ragtime style music, traditional jazz and scat singing. Children create a jazz motif using a swung rhythm.	and exploring drama and performance.  Artists:  Heather Hansen, Laura McKendry, Edgar Degas	Revising key musical terminology, playing and creating pentatonic melodies, composing a piece of			reflected from surfaces; recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect our eyes; ;recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque

		Design and Technology	Computing			object; measure shadows and		
		Textiles: making cushions	Online safety – safer internet day			find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.		
			N	Music				
		Liv	erpool Anglican Cathedral v	ocal programme 30 mins per	week			
	Physical Education	Physical Education	Physical Education	Physical Education	Physical Education	Physical Education		
	<b>Gymnastics</b> : symmetry and asymmetry	Games: tag rugby	Games: dodgeball;	Athletics	Swimming or OAA	OAA or swimming		
	Games: basketball	Yoga	Games: hockey	Games: handball		Games: cricket		
	Gaines. Dasketball	Toga				Latin		
						Maximum Classics Unit 2: Present tense verbs		
Maths			Mathema	atics				
	Maths No Problem planning used for discrete mathematics lessons. Additional opportunities for contextual learning and using and applying mathematics linked to the themes. Time tables Rock Stars.							
	Numbers to 1000 Addition and Subtraction Multiplication and Division		Length Mass Volume Money Time		Pictograms and Bar-Charts Fractions Angles Lines and Shapes Perimeter			
R.E.			Religious Edu	ıcation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	What do people believe about God? Incl Christianity, Judaism, Islam	QR Unit: 3.2 Christmas. God with us.	Why do people pray? Incl Christianity, Judaism, Islam	QR Unit: 3.4 Exploring the sadness and joy of Easter.	How do religious and non- religious people celebrate festivals? Incl Christianity, Judaism, Islam	What does it mean to be a Christian?		
PHSE			P	HSE				
					Education, Staying Safe include			
	Values: Christian	Values: Love and Thankfu	ness; Fundamental British V	/alues: Democracy, Rule of La	w, Respect and Tolerance, Ind	ividual Liberty.		
Ongoing all year:	Computing	English						

## **Online safety:**

Whenever children are engaged in electronic communication, establish and reinforce messages about using technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

## **Digital literacy:**

use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content; select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.

Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

## Reading

Three whole class guided reading sessions a week will focus on specific areas of the Key Stage 2 curriculum in reading. These three sessions will individually focus on skills relating to: vocabulary in context; retrieving information; and making inferences from the text. Verbal questions will be given by the class teacher to model these skills, before the children independently answer a variety of structured questions around this particular skill. All three sessions will revolve around the same text, which will often be related to the cohort's ongoing topic. This will enable the children to simultaneously improve their speed of reading, their skimming and scanning of a text, as well as supporting their knowledge around a given topic.

In addition to this, the children will engage with an ongoing narrative text with a high level of challenge, over the course of a term. The three books will be one classic fiction, one modern classic and one class choice. This will be for three sessions a week. These texts will be 'interrogated' using 'book talk' where the main focus is verbal modelling by the class teacher when analysing the text with the class. This can focus on inferential and vocabulary skills, but can also involve making predictions or summarising the events. Children will use some partner-talk to discuss their ideas and will rehearse verbal answers under the guidance of their teacher. These sessions will also enable the class teacher to model prosody, as the children follow along using their own copy of the text. The children should use a supportive tool (ruler, lolly-stick or coffee stirrer) to support their following of the text and improve their speed of decoding.

To further supplement this and to develop the children's reading stamina and love of reading, less formal sessions will also take place throughout the school week. All children will be afforded a weekly opportunity to participate in 'book club.' This is a verbal opportunity for the children to share what they are reading with their peers in class, discussing themes, characters and early plot developments. This is a time for children to recommend books for their peers and to discuss books which multiple children have read. There will also be 3 sessions a week where reading for pleasure and developing reading stamina are the only focuses. The children should record their progress in their reading logs.

After completing the Read, Write Inc scheme for reading, children will also be given a structured, weekly library slot to read their book or exchange it once finished. The library is also open and available to children throughout the week, during some playtimes and lunchtimes.

# **Writing: transcription**

**Spelling (Y3/4)** – discrete lessons. Use further prefixes (dis–, mis–, in–, il–, im–. ir–. re–, sub–, inter–, super–, anti–, auto–) and suffixes( - ation, -ly, -ous) and understand how to add them; spell further homophones; learn to spell words ending with –sure, -ture, -sion, -tion; words with the /ʃ/ sound spelt ch; words ending with the /g/ sound spelt –gue and the /k/ sound spelt –que; words with the /s/ sound spelt sc; words with the /er/ sound spelt ei, eigh, or ey and words that are often misspelt (Y3/4 word list); place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with both regular and irregular plurals; homophones and near-homophones; use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary; write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught.

**Handwriting** – teach and practise St Luke's joined style as soon as pupils are forming printed letters accurately and of consistent size. Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed; choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task – taught discretely daily, with intervention where needed.

**Vocabulary Grammar and Punctuation** – part of the Write Stuff daily lessons, consolidated in Morning Motivator daily sessions: correct use of *a* and *an*; expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions (eg *when*, *before*, *after*, *while*, *so*, *because*), adverbs (eg *then*, *next*, *soon*, *therefore*), or prepositions (eg *before*, *after*, *during*, *in*, *because* of); present perfect form of verbs, introduction to inverted commas for direct speech.

Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Rivers	After the Romans	Rainforests	First Civilisations	Ancient Egyptian Civilisation	Europe
Working with experts and volunteers, incl	River Alt fieldwork River Mersey	Y4 support the church's Christingle Service	Residential visit – Crosby Hall (OAA)	Y4 lead the school's Easter service	World Museum, Liverpool	
Lead	Geography	History	Geography	History	History	Geography
Subjects	UK – name and locate River Mersey, River Severn, River Thames Europe? World? - describe and understand key aspects of physical geography: rivers and the water cycle human geography, including: settlements near rivers / rivers for trade links - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - use the 8 points of a compass, 4- and 6-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world - use fieldwork to observe, measure record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps,	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons. How did Saxon England begin and what happened during the Anglo Saxon period? Comparing daily life in Saxon England with the Romans. Did the settlement by the Anglo Saxons make England a better or worse place to live?  Movement and Migration Where they invaded from and to the changing power of the different kingdoms Society and Culture Social structure Conversion to Christianity and importance to life The roles/jobs played in everyday life Achievements and Legacy Key archaeological sites Talents as metalworkers Surviving documents Achievements of key individuals (Offa, Bede, Gildas)	South America. Climate zones - overview land use, resources, trade links, change over time. Brazil	An overview of Ancient Civilisations: Timeline Location, important rivers Trade / bartering Religion / worship Governance/rulers/monarc hy Place of women in society How the civilisation ended / downfall Legacy: key achievements / impact on today's world  Ancient Sumer; Ancient Egypt (briefly as studied in depth Summer 1); Indus Valley; Shang Dynasty	An in-depth study of Ancient Egypt  Movement and Migration The importance of being near a reliable water source for settlements. The travel within and out of Egypt for military and economic reasons.  Society The hierarchy of the social pyramid. The roles undertaken by different tiers and the amount known about each tear being varied. Culture The importance of writing to their culture. The role the gods played in aspects of life: afterlife, farming, Nile, writing. Pharaoh being associated with the Gods. Trade The Nile as a 'highway' for domestic and international trade. The import and export of goods to allow society to develop and grow.	country: Using maps to

plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

#### Science

Compare and group materials, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases; observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature this happens in °C. Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.

## **Science**

Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways; explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in our local and wider environment: recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things; construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey.

## **Achievements and Legacy**

Agricultural developments to maintain and grow the population (plough, ox drawn plough, sickle, irrigation and shaduf)
Writing to allow the kingdom to run with a centralised government
Writing as a way to record and document events alongside the significant role in governance

#### Governance

Pharaoh's role leading both kingdoms
The centralised nature of the government. The bureaucracy that was delivered and maintained by the scribal class.

#### English

#### **English – writing composition**

## **Through the Write Stuff scheme:**

Plan writing by discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar; discussing and recording ideas.

**Draft** writing by composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures; organising paragraphs around a theme; in narrative, creating settings, characters and plot; in non-narrative, using simple organisational devices.

**Evaluate and edit** by assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements; proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences; proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.

**Perform:** read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.

Unit Texts (and Genre)	<ol> <li>Non-Fiction         Once Upon a Raindrop by James Carter (Script for factual tour)     </li> <li>Narrative         A River by Marc Martin (WS style – own planning)     </li> <li>Poetry         The River by Valerie Bloom     </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Narrative         <i>The Boy, The Mole, The Fox and The Horse</i> by Charlie         Mackesy (story of friendship and hope)</li> <li>Narrative         <i>Aladdin and the Enchanted Lamp</i> by Phillip Pullman (traditional tale)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Non-Fiction         <i>Should we Feed animals at National Parks</i> by Chris         Turnham         (Balanced argument)</li> <li>Narrative         <i>The Great Kapok Tree</i>         by Lynne Cherry</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Narrative         Charlie and the Chocolate         factory by Roald Dahl         (adventure)</li> <li>Narrative         The Great Chocoplot by         Chris Callaghag (mystery)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Non-Fiction         <i>Secrets of a Sun King</i> by         Emma Carroll (diary)</li> <li>Narrative         Galgamesh The King (WS style – own planning)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Non-Fiction         Sicily Holiday Brochure         (persuasive writing)</li> <li>Non-Fiction         Gut Garden - A Journey         into the Wonderful World         of your Microbiome by         Katie Brosnan         (explanation)</li> </ol>
Additional		Music	Music		P.E dance	Computing
Subjects	Rivers: Kapow Changes in pitch/tempo and dynamics Representing different stages of the river through vocal and percussive ostinatos, culminating in a final group performance.  Art and Design Storytelling Through Drawing Explore how artists create	Romans: Kapow Repeating patterns in music; introduction to motifs; pupils adapt and transpose motifs	Rainforests: Kapow body and tuned percussion to create rhythms of the rainforest		Art and Design The Art of Display Explore how the way we display our work can affect	4.2. Audio production (Teach Computing)
	sequenced drawings to share and tell stories. Create a concertina book to retell key points from Fox. Artists: Laura Carlin, Shaun				the way it is seen (pyramids) Artists: Anthony Gormley, Thomas J Price	
Discrete	P.E.	P.E.	P.E.	P.E.	P.E.	P.E.
Subjects	Gymnastics	Games:	Games: Hockey	Games: handball	Athletics	Games: Cricket
	Partner work - Pushing and pulling Games: Basketball	Dodgeball and Tag Rugby	Swimming or Yoga	Yoga or swimming		OAA
	Computing	Art and Design	Art and Design	Science	Science	Science

4.1 The internet (Teach Computing)	Design and Technology Cooking and nutrition: adapting a recipe Making biscuits	Exploring Pattern Exploring how we can use colour, line and shape to create patterns, including repeating patterns. Artists: Rachel Parker, Shaheen Ahmed  Computing  4.3 Repetition in shapes (Teach Computing)  Online safety – safer internet day	Identify common appliances that run on electricity; construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers; identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery; recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit; recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.	Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating; recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear; find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it; find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it; recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.  Make earmuffs from a variety of different materials to investigate which provides the best insulation against sound.	Name the basic parts of the digestive system in humans (mouth, tongue, teeth, oesophagus, stomach and small and large intestine) and explore questions that help us to understand their special functions; identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions.
			Design and Technology	Design and Technology	Design and Technology
			Electrical systems: Torches	Structures: pavilions	Mechanical systems: sling- shot cars
			Art and Design	Computing	Art and Design
			The drawing journey	4.4. Data loggers (Teach Computing)	The drawing journey
			Music		
			instruments with increasing a	ensemble contexts, using their v ccuracy, fluency, control and exp and recall sounds with increasin	pression

Maximum Classics: language section and culture section to lessons; new language learning is frequently re-visited over the course of the scheme. Assessment "quiz" at the end of each unit.

	Unit 3 Verbs & adverbs Unit 4 Subject & object no	uns		Unit 4 Cont Subject & object Unit 5 Simple sentences in La		Unit 5 Cont Simple sentences in Latin Unit 6 Numerals & the verb 'to be'		
Maths	Mathematics							
	Maths No Problem plann themes. Time tables Roc		liscrete mathemation	cs lessons. Additional opport	ssons. Additional opportunities for contextual learning and using and applying mathematics linked to the			
	Numbers up to 10 000 Addition and Subtraction within 10 000 Multiplication and Division		Further Multiplication and Div Graphs Fractions Decimals	vision	Money Mass, Volume and Length Area Geometry Position and Movement Roman Numerals			
R.E.				Religious Education				
	Why is Jesus inspiring to some people?	QR unit: Chr the symbolis Christingle	ristmas. Exploring sm of light.	Why do some people think life is a journey? Incl Christianity, Judaism, Hinduism	QR unit: Exploring Easter as a story of betrayal and trust. <b>EASTER SERVICE</b>	What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?		
PHSE	PHSE							
	Citizenship E-Safety Fi	Citizenship E-Safety Financial Education Health and wellbeing including mental health, Relationships and Sex Education, Staying Safe including Drug Education						
	Values: Christian Values: Love and Hope; Fundamental British Values: Democracy, Rule of Law, Respect and Tolerance, Individual Liberty.							
Ongoing	Geography	C	Computing		English			
all year:	Where in the World?		Online safety:		Reading			
	Countries of Europe; introduce Where's Wally? for on-going exploration across the year. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied  Dig app be and		ommunication, estable bout using technology esponsibly; recognise ehaviour; identify a raponcerns about conter bigital literacy: use seppreciate how results e discerning in evaluand combine a variety	earch technologies effectively, are selected and ranked, and ating digital content; select, use of software (including internet	Three whole class guided reading sessions a week will focus on specific areas of the Key Stage 2 curriculum in reading. These three sessions will individually focus on skills relatir to: vocabulary in context; retrieving information; and making inferences from the text. Verbal questions will be given by the class teacher to model these skills, before the child independently answer a variety of structured questions around this particular skill. All th sessions will revolve around the same text, which will often be related to the cohort's ongoing topic. This will enable the children to simultaneously improve their speed of reading, their skimming and scanning of a text, as well as supporting their knowledge around a given topic.			
	services) on a range of create a range of prograccomplish given goal analysing, evaluating a information.  Understand computer internet; how they can		rams, systems and content that	In addition to this, the children will engage with an ongoing narrative text with a high level of challenge, over the course of a term. The three books will be one classic fiction, one modern classic and one class choice. This will be for three sessions a week. These texts will be 'interrogated' using 'book talk' where the main focus is verbal modelling by the class teacher when analysing the text with the class. This can focus on inferential and vocabular skills, but can also involve making predictions or summarising the events. Children will use some partner-talk to discuss their ideas and will rehearse verbal answers under the				

offer for communication and collaboration.	guidance of their teacher. These sessions will also enable the class teacher to model prosody, as the children follow along using their own copy of the text. The children should use a supportive tool (ruler, lolly-stick or coffee stirrer) to support their following of the text and improve their speed of decoding.  To further supplement this and to develop the children's reading stamina and love of reading, less formal sessions will also take place throughout the school week. All children will be afforded a weekly opportunity to participate in 'book club.' This is a verbal opportunity for the children to share what they are reading with their peers in class, discussing themes, characters and early plot developments. This is a time for children to recommend books for their peers and to discuss books which multiple children have read. There will also be 3 sessions a week where reading for pleasure and developing reading stamina are the only focuses. The children should record their progress in their reading logs.  Children will also be given a structured, weekly library slot to read their book or exchange it once finished. The library is also open and available to children throughout the week, during some playtimes and lunchtimes.  Spelling (Y3/4) – discrete lessons. Use further prefixes (dis–, mis–, in–, il–, im–. ir–. re–, sub–, inter–, super–, anti–, auto–) and suffixes(-ation, -ly, -ous) and understand how to add them; spell further homophones; learn to spell words ending with -sure, -ture, -sion, -tion; words with the /l/ sound spelt they words ending with the /g/ sound spelt gue and the /k/ sound spelt –que; words with the /s/ sound spelt sc; words with the /ex/ sound spelt ei, eigh, or ey and words that are often misspelt (Y3/4 word list); place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with both regular and irregular plurals; homophones and near-homophones; use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary; write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, th
	around a theme; appropriate choice of pronoun or noun within and across sentences to aid cohesion and avoid repetition; use of inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate
	direct speech; apostrophes to mark plural possession.

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	The Maya Civilisation	Planet Earth	Anglo-Saxon and Viking Conflict	Changes	Formby and York	Circle of Life
Norking with experts and rolunteers, ncl visits	Range High School: Maya Cultural day and performance to parents.				York (residential) Formby Village Formby Civic Society Range High food tech facilities	
Lead	History	Science	History	Science	Geography	Science
Subjects	Mayan civilization c. 900AD: a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history  Chronology – duration, scaled timelines, concurrent timelines Source work – extracting, interpreting, drawing conclusions  The duration of the Maya civilization including key dates of cities being built; the achievements of the Maya civilization including the number system. How it was used and why it was useful for them.  Key learning is to be able to make chronological links between the Maya and other eras that have been studied; use available sources to extract and interpret information then, use said information to draw conclusions related to the Maya's achievements.	Describe the movement of the Earth and other planets relative to the sun in the solar system; describe the movement of the moon relative to the Earth; describe the sun, Earth and moon as approximately spherical bodies and use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.  We will learn about the forces of gravity and air resistance, using our investigative skills to explore their effects. Identify the effects water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces	The Viking and Anglo Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor (1066)  Chronological understanding: sequence events, use scale to calculate intervals between events, relate timeline events to others they have studied.  Source analysis, interpretation and evaluation; extracting information from sources (artefacts, pictorial, written) and interpreting information into one conclusion  Historical enquiry: create and pursue a line of enquiry; create their own enquiries to pursue with support.  Life in Saxon England: why was it an attractive target for the Vikings? (monastery)  Introduction to raids and the fear they caused (violence	Properties and changes of materials (To be cont'd in Summer 1 as discrete science) Compare / group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties: hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical & thermal), and response to magnets; know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, & describe how to recover a substance from a solution; decide how mixtures might be separated, incl filtering, sieving, evaporating; give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the uses of everyday materials, incl metals, wood and plastic; demonstrate that dissolving, mixing & changes of state are reversible changes; explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, incl changes associated with burning / the action of acid on bicarb of soda	Name and locate York and Formby, identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and landuse patterns; and understand how some of these aspects in Formby have changed over time; understand geographical similarities and differences; human geography, including: types of settlement and land use; Geographical skills and fieldwork: use maps, atlases and digital/computer mapping to locate York and Formby and describe features studied; symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps); use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features using a range of methods, incl sketch maps, plans and graphs, digital technologies.	Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird; describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals; try to grow new plants from different parts of the parent plant, for example, seeds, stem and root cuttings, tubers, bulbs

			and pillaging)	Music	History	
			Compare Saxon and Viking timelines  How were the Saxons viewed by the Vikings?  Depth study into Alfred the Great and subsequent Saxon leaders	Performing - practise, rehearse and present a performance.  Musical Theatre (Kapow)	Local history: York and Formby, investigating the Viking foundations of both. Formby Local Study: focus on the development of road/rail links. What impact have the development of road and rail links had on Formby? What was housing, schooling, shopping, employment, population like before? Why did people wish to visit and/or live in Formby?	
English	English – writing composition				-	
	drawing on reading and research  Draft writing by selecting approp integrate dialogue to convey char  Evaluate and edit by assessing the consistent and correct use of tens	dience for and purpose of the writing where necessary. In writing narrating riate grammar and vocabulary, under acter / advance the action; use further effectiveness of their own and of the throughout a piece of writing, entiate register, proof-reading for spenusing appropriate intonation, volume	ve, consider how authors develo lerstanding how such choices car her organisational and presentat thers' writing; proposing changes suring correct subject and verb a lling and punctuation errors.	o characters and settings. In change and enhance meaning. It ional devices to structure text are It to vocabulary/grammar/puncture greement when using singular a	In narrative, describe settings / on to guide the reader.  ation to enhance effects and clar	characters / atmosphere and rify meaning; ensuring the
		are in graph a primary in the interior, it are in	ne, and movement so that mean	ing is clear.		in the language of speech and
Write Stuff Unit Texts (and Genre)	1. Poetry  The Highwayman, Alfred  Noyes (discrete)	Non-Fiction     Mars Transmission (journal)      The Snowman, Raymond     Briggs (story) - discrete	1. Narrative Nowhere Emporium, Ross Mackenzie (mystery)  2. Non-Fiction Raid at Lindisfarne Viking (recount) WS-style, own plan	1. Narrative Zoo), Anthony Browne (narrative)	1. Poetry The Most Dangerous Animal in the World, Valerie Bloom	Non-Fiction     David Attenborough,     Maria Isabel Sanchez     Vegara (biography)      Narrative     The Piano (WS-style,     own plan)

Subjects	Mapping skills: World map, revisit hemispheres, tropics, time zones, vegetation belt, continents, oceans. Learning about the physical geography of Central America and how it impacted the Maya. Use map work skills to locate the major sites of the Maya.	identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	World map - locate Viking countries; revisit hemispheres, continents; UK: locate counties and cities invaded by the Vikings Types of settlement/land use		5.4 Flat file databases (Teach Computing)	Selection in Physical Computing (Teach Computing)
	Art and Design	Computing	Art and Design			
	Typography & Maps Exploring how we can create typography through drawing and design, and use our skills to create personal and highly visual maps. Artists: Louise Fili, Grayson Perry	5.2 Video production (Teach Computing)	Fashion Design Explore contemporary fashion designers and create your own 2d or 3d fashion inspired by Anglo- Saxon/Viking culture Artists: Alice Fox, Rahul Mishra			
	Computing					
	5.1 Systems and searching (Teach Computing)					
Discrete Subjects	Music			Art and Design	Art and Design	Art and Design
					-	
	Wider opportunities instrument: play and perform in solo and ensinstruments with increasing accuimprovise and compose music formusic listen with attention to detail and use and understand staff and other standard staff and standard staff and other standard staff and other standard staff and other standard staff and standard staff and standard staff and staff and standard standard staff and standard staff and standard standard staff and standard staff and standard stand	semble contexts, using their voice tracy, fluency, control and expressor a range of purposes using the direcall sounds with increasing a	ssion inter-related dimensions of	The drawing journey	Set Design Explore creating a model set for theatre or animation inspired by poetry, prose, film or music. Artists: Rae Smith, Fausto Melotti	The drawing journey
			Blues (Kapow) Introduction to this and its history; identify the key features and mood of Blues music and its importance and purpose. 12-bar Blues and the Blues scale: combine these to improvise a piece			

			with a familiar, repetitive backing.					
	Science	Art and Design	Computing	Design Technology	Design Technology	Design Technology		
	Investigate mechanisms: Recognise that some mechanisms (inc levers, pulleys, gears) allow a smaller force to have a greater effect	The drawing journey	Online safety - safer internet day	Electronic systems: The Doodlers	Cooking and Nutrition: what could be healthier? Adapting a bolognese recipe.	Mechanical systems: pop-up book based on last half term's York visit.		
	P.E.	Design Technology	Science	P.E.	Music	Music		
	Games: Basketball  Swimming or gymnastics - matching, mirroring and contrasting	Textiles: stuffed toys	Describe the changes as humans develop to old age (as part of SRE).	Games: Handball yoga	Looping and Mixing (Kapow)	South and West Africa (Kapow)		
		P.E.	P.E.		P.E.	P.E.		
		Gymnastics – matching, mirroring and contrasting or swimming Games: tag rugby	Games: hockey Games: Dodgeball		dance British Values (PE Passport)  Athletics	Athletics Games: cricket		
					Science Properties and changes of materials Cont'd from Spring 2			
	Latin							
	Maximum Classics: language se unit.	ction and culture section to le	ssons; new language learning is	frequently re-visited over the	course of the scheme. Assessmen	t "quiz" at the end of each		
	Unit 7 Adjectives & agreement Unit 8 Prepositions		Unit 8 Cont Prepositions Unit 9 Past continuous tens	е	Unit 9 Cont Past continuous Unit 10 Third group nouns; L			
Maths	Mathematics							
	Maths No Problem planning used for discrete mathematics lessons. Additional opportunities for contextual learning and using and applying mathematics linked to the themes. Time tables Rock Stars.							
	Numbers up to 1 000 000 Addition and Subtraction Multiplication and Division Word Problems Graphs		Fractions Decimals Percentages Geometry		Position and Movement Measurements Perimeter and Area Volume Roman Numerals			

R.E.	Religious Education								
	What would Jesus do?	QR unit: Christmas. The Gospels of Matthew and Luke	If God is everywhere, wl go to a place of worship Incl Christianity, Judaisn Islam, Hinduism	p?	QR unit: Why do Christians believe that Easter is a celebration of Victory?	What does it mean to be a Muslim?			
ISE	PHSE								
	Citizenship E-Safety Financial Education Health and wellbeing including mental health, Relationships and Sex Education, Staying Safe including Drug Education								
	Values: Christian Values: Love and Faithfulness; Fundamental British Values: Democracy, Rule of Law, Respect and Tolerance, Individual Liberty.								
Ongoing	Geography	Computing		Engl	ish				
all year:	Where in the World? Counties of the UK; Where's Wally? for on-going exploration across the year. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	content; select, use and c	and reinforce messages ifely, respectfully and eptable/unacceptable e of ways to report and contact.  The technologies aw results are selected erning in evaluating digital combine a variety of met services) on a range of and create a range of ontent that accomplish llecting, analysing, g data and information. etworks including the	curric control by the struct whice simular support In add chall and of bood with pred will reclass	e whole class guided reading sest culum in reading. These three se ext; retrieving information; and note class teacher to model these setured questions around this part the will often be related to the coholitaneously improve their speed coorting their knowledge around a didition to this, the children will enenge, over the course of a term. One class choice. This will be for the class. This can focus on inferications or summarising the event ehearse verbal answers under the teacher to model prosody, as the	ssions a week will focus on specific areas of the Key Stage 2 essions will individually focus on skills relating to: vocabulary making inferences from the text. Verbal questions will be give skills, before the children independently answer a variety of ticular skill. All three sessions will revolve around the same to nort's ongoing topic. This will enable the children to of reading, their skimming and scanning of a text, as well as a given topic.  Ingage with an ongoing narrative text with a high level of three books will be one classic fiction, one modern class three sessions a week. These texts will be 'interrogated' using the text rential and vocabulary skills, but can also involve making ts. Children will use some partner-talk to discuss their ideas are guidance of their teacher. These sessions will also enable the children follow along using their own copy of the text. The I (ruler, lolly-stick or coffee stirrer) to support their following			

such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

To further supplement this and to develop the children's reading stamina and love of reading, less formal sessions will also take place throughout the school week. All children will be afforded a weekly opportunity to participate in 'book club.' This is a verbal opportunity for the children to share what they are reading with their peers in class, discussing themes, characters and early plot developments. This is a time for children to recommend books for their peers and to discuss books which multiple children have read. There will also be 3 sessions a week where reading for pleasure and developing reading stamina are the only focuses. The children should record their progress in their reading logs.

Children will also be given a structured, weekly library slot to read their book or exchange it once finished. The library is also open and available to children throughout the week, during some playtimes and lunchtimes.

<b>Spelling (Y5/6)</b> – discrete lessons. Word endngs ( <i>-cious</i> , <i>-tious</i> , <i>-cial</i> , <i>-tial</i> , <i>-ant</i> , <i>-ance</i> / <i>-ancy</i> , <i>-ent</i> , <i>-ence</i> / <i>-ency</i> , <i>-able</i> / <i>-ably</i> , <i>-ible</i> / <i>-ibly</i> ); use of the hyphen; words containing <i>ough</i> ; spell some words with 'silent' letters; continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused; use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling; use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words; use a thesaurus; learn to spell the Y5/6 word lists. <b>Grammar and Punctuation</b> – part of the Write Stuff daily lessons, consolidated in Morning Motivator daily sessions: converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes; Verb prefixes; Relative clauses beginning with <i>who</i> , <i>which</i> , <i>where</i> , <i>when</i> , <i>whose</i> , <i>that</i> , or an omitted relative pronoun; indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs ( <i>perhaps</i> , <i>surely</i> ) or modal verbs ( <i>might</i> , <i>should</i> , <i>will</i> ,
must); devices to build cohesion within a paragraph; linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time, place and number or tense choices; use of brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis; Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity  Handwriting – write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed; choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task; intervention where needed.

Year 6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Fit for Life	Ancient Greece	<b>Evolution Solution</b>	Transatlantic slave trade	NYC	Macbeth
Working with experts and volunteers, incl visits		World Museum, Liverpool; Y6 write and present our Remembrance Service		Slavery Museum, Liverpool  Mission Impossible: the Easter story	Church to experience communion service	Prescot Theatre: Shakespeare North; Residential Dearne Valley Activity Centre
Lead	Science	History	Science	History	Geography	English
Subjects	Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood; recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way our bodies function; describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.	A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world.  how BC and AD are structured; sequence events that include both on scaled timelines. Compare with other eras studied to make links.  how to extract information from maps and, with support, infer how this would impact Ancient Greeks.	Recognise that living things have changed over time & that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago; recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents; identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.  Consider how Charles  Darwin and Alfred Wallace developed their ideas on	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066  History of slavery around the world, focusing in on the transatlantic slave trade of the 16 <sup>th</sup> -19 <sup>th</sup> centuries, all the way to Modern day slavery and people trafficking.  We will look at various movements including the civil rights movement in the 20 <sup>th</sup> Century USA, as well as modern day	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region in North America (NYC): Using maps to gain an overview and then focus on a chosen area, including its most significant human and physical features, and comparing the location with Liverpool/Merseyside and presenting findings in a variety of ways.	Shakespearean language Play scripts Character descriptions Summaries
	P.E.	the influence of religion on the lives of the Greeks using	evolution.	movements such as Black Lives Matter. Key people		Science
	Indoor athletics and circuit training – health related fitness	a range of written and pictorial sources including mythology.  inferring information from archaeology through an aspect of Greek culture that we still use today (Olympics, theatre etc)		in the movement for civil rights including Martin Luther King, Rosa Parks, Harriet Tubman, William Wilberforce, Ignatius Sancho and Olaudah Equiano. We will look at Liverpool's involvement with the slave trade, with buildings being built on		use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.

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		Democracy in Athens and		slave money		
		relate to modern Britain's democracy.				
		Britain's democracy.				
<b>English</b>	English – writing composition					
Liigiisii	Through Write Stuff scheme:					
	Plan writing by identifying the a initial ideas, drawing on reading Draft writing by selecting approatmosphere and integrate dialo Evaluate and edit by assessing ensuring the consistent and cor	audience for and purpose of the value and research where necessary. It is priate grammar and vocabulary, gue to convey character / advance the effectiveness of their own an rect use of tense throughout a pict and choosing the appropriate re	n writing narrative, consider he understanding how such choic te the action; use further organ d others' writing; proposing ch ece of writing, ensuring correct	ow authors develop characte ses can change and enhance isational and presentational langes to vocabulary/gramm t subject and verb agreemen	rs and settings. meaning. In narrative, describe s devices to structure text and to g ar/punctuation to enhance effect	ettings / characters / guide the reader. ts and clarify meaning;
Write Stuff Unit Texts (and Genre)	<ol> <li>Poetry         Hope-o-potamus, Greg         James and Chris Smith         (Narrative Poem) Discrete</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Narrative         Perseus and Medusa (Myth)         (WS-style own plan)</li> <li>Non-Fiction         Detailed Timeline on         Ancient Greece by Ben         Hubbard (timeline)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Narrative         <i>Tyger</i>, SF Said         (Adventure in Dystopian         World)</li> <li>Non-Fiction         <i>The Origin of Species</i>,         Sabina Radeva         (non-chronological         report)</li> </ol>	1. Narrative Freedom, Catherine Johnson (adventure) (WS-style own plan)	Narrative     Man on Wire, Philippe Petit     (WS-style own plan)	1. Narrative  Thornhill, Pam Smy (ghost story)
Additional	Design and Technology	Geography	Geography	Geography	Music	Design and Technology
Subjects	Cooking and nutrition Come Dine with Me Understand the farm to fork process.	Locate Greece on a world map, identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude; revisit Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn; describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography and human geography in relation to Greece.	Describe and understanding key aspects of physical geography: habitats, biomes, climate zones, vegetation belts, water sources  Human geography: impact of changes in the distribution of natural resources	World maps: use maps to track the routes of slave ships. Revisit Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere Economic activity, incl trade links	Pop Art: theme and variations (Kapow)	Mechanical systems: automata toys to tell a part of the story of Macbeth
		Computing	Computing	R.E.	Computing	
		6.2 Webpage creation	6.3 Variables in games	What can be done to	6.4 Introduction to	
		(Teach Computing)	(Teach Computing)	reduce racism?	Spreadsheets	
			_	Incl Christianity, Judaism,	(Teach Computing)	

				Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism, Sikhism, Bah'a'ullah		
	Art and Design	P.E.		Art and Design		Art and Design
	2D Drawing to 3D Making Explore how 2D drawings can be transformed to 3D objects. Work towards a sculptural outcome or a graphic design outcome. Artists: Lubaina Himid, Claire Harrup	dance Ancient Greek inspired dance – create and perform (Dance Notes)		Activism Explore how artists use their skills to speak on behalf of communities. Make art about things you care about. Artists: Luba Lukova, Faith Ringgold, Shepard Fairey	Street Dance - explore street dance and learn motifs from the genre as well as creating our own unique signature moves. We will create individual, small group and whole class routines.	Shadow Puppets Explore how traditional and contemporary artists use cut outs and shadow puppets. Create a shadow puppet scene for Macbeth.  Artists: Lotte Reiniger, Matisse, Wayang Shadow Puppets, Phillipp Otto Runge, Pippa Dyrlaga, Thomas Witte
Discrete						
Subjects	Music	Science	P.E.	P.E.	P.E.	P.E.
	Advanced rhythms (Kapow): Exploring rhythmic patterns in order to build a sense of pulse and using this understanding to create a composition.	ELECTRICITY Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in a circuit; compare and give reasons for variations in how	<b>Games:</b> Hockey and Dodgeball	Games: Handball  Gymnastics: group sequencing	Athletics Yoga	Games: Cricket  OAA
	Computing	components function,	Computing	Music	Art and Design	Music
	6.1 Communication and collaboration	including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches; use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.	Online safety – safer internet day	Film Music (Kapow): Exploring and identifying the characteristics of film music. Creating a composition and graphic score to perform alongside a film	The drawing journey	Composing and performing a Leavers' song – to be performed at the Leavers' Show (Kapow)
	P.E.	Design and Technology	Design and Technology	Science	Science	Geography
	Games: Basketball	Electrical systems: Steady hand game Form and function, design and make, test and evaluate.	Structures: playgrounds	Living things and their Habitats Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable	Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines; use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because	Dearne Valley: Use OS map. locate county, topographical features, human and physical characteristics, land use.

		P.E. Games: Tag Rugby		characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals; Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics	they give out or reflect light into the eye; explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes.			
		Music	Art and Design					
		Fingal's Cave (Kapow) Appraise the work of a classical composer (Felix Mendelssohn); Improvise as a group, using dynamic, pitch, texture; create a group composition featuring changes in texture, dynamics and pitch	The drawing journey					
		Art and Design The drawing journey						
		The drawing journey						
	Latin							
	Maximum Classics: language section and culture section to lessons; new language learning is frequently re-visited over the course of the scheme. Assessment "quiz" at the end of each unit.							
	Unit 11 Possessive noun ending Unit 12 Negatives, commands 8		Unit 12 cont Unit 13 Simple past tense		Unit 13 cont Unit 14 Questions & answers			
Maths	Mathematics							
	Maths No Problem planning us themes. Time tables Rock Sta		essons. Additional opportun	ities for contextual learning	g and using and applying mat	hematics linked to the		
	Numbers to 10 000 000 Four Operations on Whole Number Fractions Decimals		Measurements Word Problems Percentages Ratio Algebra Area and Perimeter Geometry		Position and Movement Graphs and Averages Negative Numbers Volume			
R.E.		Religiou	s Education					

	What do religions say to us when life gets hard? Incl Christianity, Hinduism, Islam	QR unit: How do Christians prepare for Christmas?	How do family life and festivals show what matters to Jewish people?	QR unit: the Eucharist			
PHSE	PHSE						
	Citizenship E-Safety Financial Education Health and wellbeing including mental health, Relationships and Sex Education, Staying Safe including Drug Education						
	Citizenship E-Salety Fillal	Telai zaacation meaitmana men	being mendang mendan meditin, mendanenp				
			itish Values: Democracy, Rule of Law, Respe				
Ongoing all year:							

#### Where in the World?

Climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts; Where's Wally? for on-going exploration across the year. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

# **Online safety:**

Whenever children are engaged in electronic communication, establish and reinforce messages about using technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

## **Digital literacy:**

use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content; select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.

Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

## Reading

Three whole class guided reading sessions a week will focus on specific areas of the Key Stage 2 curriculum in reading. These three sessions will individually focus on skills relating to: vocabulary in context; retrieving information; and making inferences from the text. Verbal questions will be given by the class teacher to model these skills, before the children independently answer a variety of structured questions around this particular skill. All three sessions will revolve around the same text, which will often be related to the cohort's ongoing topic. This will enable the children to simultaneously improve their speed of reading, their skimming and scanning of a text, as well as supporting their knowledge around a given topic.

In addition to this, the children will engage with an ongoing narrative text with a high level of challenge, over the course of a term. The three books will be one classic fiction, one modern classic and one class choice. This will be for three sessions a week. These texts will be 'interrogated' using 'book talk' where the main focus is verbal modelling by the class teacher when analysing the text with the class. This can focus on inferential and vocabulary skills, but can also involve making predictions or summarising the events. Children will use some partner-talk to discuss their ideas and will rehearse verbal answers under the guidance of their teacher. These sessions will also enable the class teacher to model prosody, as the children follow along using their own copy of the text. The children should use a supportive tool (ruler, lolly-stick or coffee stirrer) to support their following of the text and improve their speed of decoding.

To further supplement this and to develop the children's reading stamina and love of reading, less formal sessions will also take place throughout the school week. All children will be afforded a weekly opportunity to participate in 'book club.' This is a verbal opportunity for the children to share what they are reading with their peers in class, discussing themes, characters and early plot developments. This is a time for children to recommend books for their peers and to discuss books which multiple children have read. There will also be 3 sessions a week where reading for pleasure and developing reading stamina are the only focuses. The children should record their progress in their reading logs.

Children will also be given a structured, weekly library slot to read their book or exchange it once finished. The library is also open and available to children throughout the week, during some playtimes and lunchtimes.

**Spelling (Y5/6)** – discrete lessons. Word endngs (*-cious*, *-tious*, *-cial*, *-tial*, *-ant*, *-ance*/*-ancy*, *-ent*, *-ence*/*-ency*, *-able* / *-ably*, *-ible* / *-ibly*); use of the hyphen; words containing *ough*; spell some words with 'silent' letters; continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused; use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling; use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words; use a thesaurus; learn to spell the Y5/6 word lists.

**Grammar and Punctuation** – part of the Write Stuff daily lessons, consolidated in Morning Motivator daily sessions: linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices: repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections (eg the use of adverbials such as *on the other hand, in contrast,* or *as a consequence*) and ellipsis; layout devices (eg headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, tables) to structure text; use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses; use of the colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists; consistent punctuation of bullet points to list information how hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity (eg *man eating shark / man-eating shark,* or *recover / re-cover*) **Handwriting** – write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed; choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task; intervention where needed.